General Instructions:

Read the following instructions carefully and follow them.

1. This question paper contains 38 questions.
2. This question paper is divided into 5 sections A, B, C, D and E.
3. In Section A, Questions 1 – 18 are multiple choice questions (MCQs) and question number 19 and 20 are Assertion – Reason based questions of 1 mark each.
4. In Section B, Questions 21 – 25 are very short answer (VSA) type questions, carrying 02 marks each.
5. In Section C, Questions 26 – 31 are short answer (SA) type questions, carrying 03 marks each.
6. In Section D, Questions 32 – 35 are long answer (LA) type questions, carrying 05 marks each.
7. In Section E, Question number 36 – 38 are case study based questions, carrying 4 marks each with sub parts of the values 1, 1 and 2 marks eeach respectively.
8. All questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice in 2 questions of Section B, 2 questions of Section C and 2 questions of Section D has been provided. An internal choice has been provided in all the 2 marks questions of Section E.
9. Draw neat and clean figures wherever required.
10. Take $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$, wherever required if not stated.
11. Use of calculators is not allowed.

Section – A
Section A consists of 20 questions of 1 mark each.

1. The zeroes of the quadratic polynomial $x^2 + 25x + 156$ are:
a. both positive

b. both negative

c. one positive and one negative

d. cannot be determined

2. The pair of linear equations $\frac{3}{2}x + \frac{5}{3}y = 7$ and $9x + 10y = 14$ is:

a. consistent

b. inconsistent

c. consistent with one solution

d. consistent with many solutions

3. In the given figure, PQ and PR are tangents to a circle with centre A. If $\angle QPA = 27°$, then $\angle QAR$ equals to:
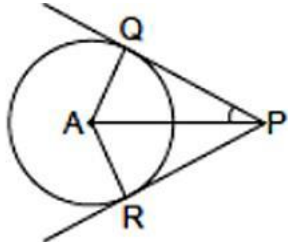
a. 63° b. 153° c. 126° d. 117°

4. The next term of the A.P.: $\sqrt{18}, \sqrt{50}, \sqrt{98}, \ldots\ldots$ is:

a. $\sqrt{146}$ b. $\sqrt{128}$ c. $\sqrt{162}$ d. $\sqrt{200}$

5. Volumes of the two spheres are in the ratio 64 : 27. The ratio of their surface areas is:

a. 3 : 4 b. 4 : 3 c. 9 : 16 d. 16 : 9

6. If $\tan A = \frac{5}{12}$, then the value of $(\sin A + \cos A).\sec A$ is:

a. $\frac{12}{5}$ b. $\frac{17}{12}$ c. $\frac{7}{12}$ d. none of these

7. In the given figure, AB, AC and AD are tangents to the circle. If AB = 5 cm, then AD is equal to:
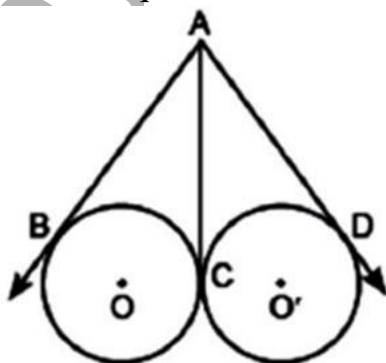
a. 5 cm b. 6 cm c. 9 cm d. 10 cm

8. If the zeroes of the polynomial $p(x) = 2x^2 - 7x + k$ are reciprocal of each other, then the value of k is:
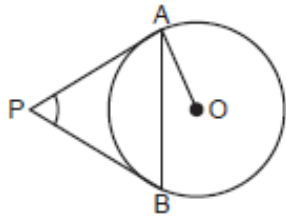
a. 1   b.   2   c.   3   d.   4

9. The median class of the following marks of 100 students is:

Marks	$0 - 10$	$10 - 20$	$20 - 30$	$30 - 40$	$40 - 50$	$50 - 60$
Number of students	8	10	12	22	30	18

a. $20 - 30$ b. $30 - 40$ c. $40 - 50$ d. $50 - 60$

10. In the given figure, PA and PB are tangents to the circle with centre O. If $\angle APB = 60°$, then $\angle OAB$ is:

a. 30°   b.   60°   c.   90°   d.   15°

11. The nature of the roots of the quadratic equation $9x^2 - 6x - 2 = 0$ is:

a. irrational and distinct

b. not real

c. real and distinct

d. real and equal

12. If $3 \cot \theta = 2$, then the value of $\tan \theta$ is:

a. $\frac{2}{3}$ b. $\frac{3}{2}$ c. $\frac{3}{\sqrt{13}}$ d. $\frac{2}{\sqrt{13}}$

13. A toy is in the form of a cone of radius r cm mounted on a hemisphere of the same radius. The total height of the toy is $(r + h)$ cm, then the volume of the toy is:

a. $\pi(2r + h) \, cm^3$

b. $\pi r^2(2r + h) \, cm^3$

c. $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2(2r + h) \, cm^3$

d. $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2(r + h) \, cm^3$

14. 17 cards numbered 1, 2, 3,….,17 are put in a box and mixed thoroughly. One person draws a card from the box. The probability that the number on the card is a prime number is:

3

a. $\frac{5}{17}$ b. $\frac{6}{17}$ c. $\frac{7}{17}$ d. $\frac{8}{17}$

15. If $P\left(\frac{a}{3}, 4\right)$ is the mid – point of the line segment joining the points $Q(-6, 5)$ and $R(-2, 3)$, then the value of a is:

a. -12 b. -4 c. 12 d. -6

16. Using the empirical formula, find the mode of a distribution whose mean is 8.32 and the median is 8.05.

a. 24.51   b. 8.32   c. 8.05   d. 7.51

17. Three vertices of a parallelogram ABCD are $A(1, 4), B(-2, 3), C(5, 8)$. The ordinate of the fourth vertex D is:

a. 9   b. 8   c. 7   d. 6

18. The probability that a non – leap year has 53 Sundays, is:

a. $\frac{2}{7}$ b. $\frac{5}{7}$ c. $\frac{6}{7}$ d. $\frac{1}{7}$

Directions: In question number 19 and 20, a statement of **Assertion (A)** is followed by a statement of **Reason (R)**.

Choose the correct option:

A. Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true and reason (R) is the correct explanation of assertion (A).

B. Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true and reason (R) is not the correct explanation of assertion (A).

C. Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false.

Assertion (A) is false but Reason (R) is true.

19. Assertion (A): If LCM of two numbers is 2475 and their product is 12375, then their HCF is 5.

Reason (R): HCF $(a, b) \times$ LCM $(a, b) = a \times b$.

20. Assertion (A): The length of the minute hand of a clock is 7 cm. The area swept by the minute hand in 5 minutes is $\frac{77}{6}\ cm^2$.

Reason (R): The length of an arc of a sector of angle θ and radius r is given by $l = \frac{\theta}{360°} \times 2\pi r$.

Section – B

Section B consists of 5 questions of 2 marks each.

21. Find the HCF and LCM of 96 and 404 using prime factorisation method.

OR

The HCF of 65 and 117 is expressible in the form $65m - 117$. Find the value of m.

22. A box contains 5 red marbles, 8 white marbles and 4 green marbles. One marble is taken out of the box at random. What is the probability that the marble taken out will be:

(i)   red?

(ii)   not green?

OR

A lot consist of 144 ball pens of which 20 are defective and the other are good. Nuri will buy a pen if it is good, but will not buy if it is defective. The shopkeeper draws one pen at random and gives it to her. What is the probability that:

(i)   she will buy it?

(ii)   she will not buy it?

23. Evaluate: $\dfrac{5\cos^2 60° + 4\sec^2 30° - \tan^2 45°}{\sin^2 30° + \cos^2 30°}$

24. Find the point on $x - axis$ which is equidistant from the points $(2, -5)$ and $(-2, 9)$.

25. If the point $C(-1, 2)$ divides the line segment AB in the ratio $3 : 4$, where the coordinates of A are $(2, 5)$, find the coordinates of B.
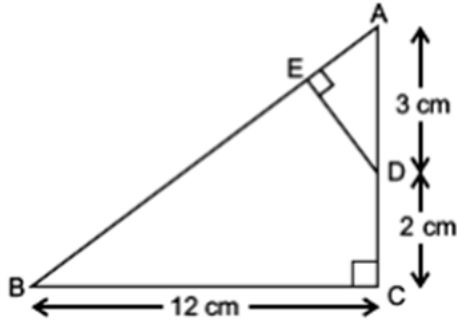
Section – C

Section C consists of 6 questions of 3 marks each.

26. Sides AB and BD and median AC of a triangle ABD are respectively proportional to sides PQ and QR and median PM of ΔPQR. Show that ΔABD ∼ ΔPQR.
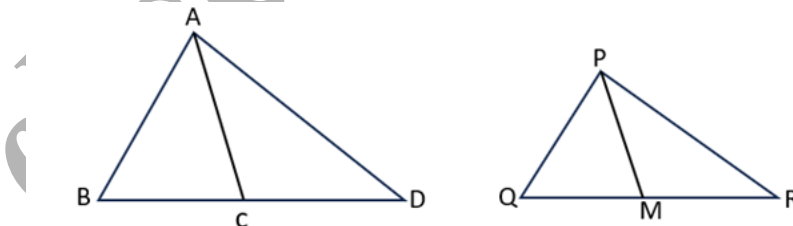
OR

In the given figure, ΔABC is right angled at C and DE ⊥ AB. Prove that ΔABC ∼ ΔADE and hence find the lengths of AE and DE.

5

27. The sum of two numbers is 34. If 3 is subtracted from one number and 2 is added to another, the product of these two numbers becomes 260. Find the numbers.

28. If α and β are the zeroes of the polynomial $6y^2 - 7y + 2$, find a quadratic polynomial whose zeroes are $\frac{1}{\alpha}$ and $\frac{1}{\beta}$.

29. If $x = a\cos\theta - b\sin\theta$ and $y = a\sin\theta + b\cos\theta$, then prove that $a^2 + b^2 = x^2 + y^2$.

30. A chord of a circle of radius 15 cm subtends and angle of 60° at the centre. Find the area of the corresponding minor segment of the circle.
$\left(Use\ \pi = 3.14\ and\ \sqrt{3} = 1.73\right)$

OR

A brooch is made with silver wire in the form of a circle with diameter 35 mm. The wire is also used in making 5 diameters which divide the circle into 10 equal sectors as shown in the figure. Find:

(i)   the total length of the silver wire required.

(ii)   the area of each sector of the brooch.

31. Prove that $\sqrt{5}$ is an irrational number.

Section – D

Section D consists of 4 questions of 5 marks each.

32. Solve the following system of equations graphically.
$x + 3y = 6$
$2x - 3y = 12$

6

Hence, find the value of a, if $4x + 3y = a$.

OR

The area of a rectangle gets reduced by 9 square units, if its length is reduced by 5 units and breadth is increased by 3 units. If we increase the length by 3 units and the breadth by 2 units, the area increases by 67 units. Find the dimensions of the rectangle.

33. Prove that if a line is drawn parallel to one side of a triangle to intersect the other two sides in distinct points, then the other two sides are divided in the same ratio.

Use this theorem to find the value of x in the following question:

In ΔABC, DE || BC and BD = $x - 3$, AB = $2x$, CE = $x - 2$ and AC = $2x + 3$.
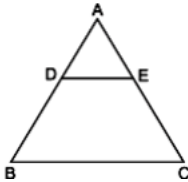
34. A 1.2 m tall girl spots a balloon moving with the wind in a horizontal line at a height of 88.2 m from the ground. The angle of elevation of the balloon from the eyes of the girl at any instant is 60°. After some time, the angle of elevation reduces to 30°. Find the distance travelled by the balloon during this interval.

35. If the median of the distribution given below is 868, find the value of x and y.

Class Interval	Frequency
800 – 820	7
820 – 840	14
840 – 860	x
860 – 880	25
880 – 900	y
900 – 920	10
920 – 940	5
Total	100

OR

During a medical checkup of 35 students, their weights were recorded as follows:

Weight (in kgs)	No. of students
Below 40	3
Below 42	5
Below 44	9
Below 46	14
Below 48	28
Below 50	31
Below	35

Compute the modal weight.

Section – E
Section E consists of 3 Case Based Questions of 4 marks each.

36. In a pathology lab, a culture test has been conducted. In the test, the number of bacteria taken into consideration in various samples is all three digit numbers that are divisible by 7, taken in order.
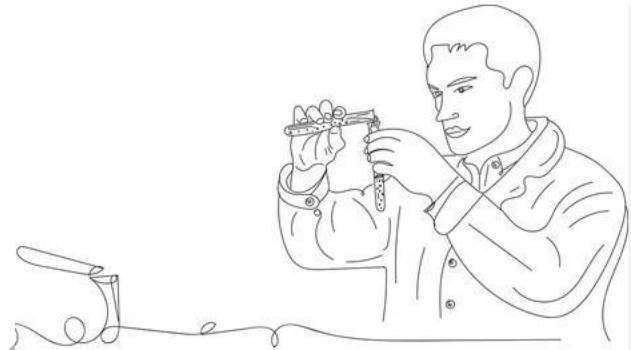
Based on the above information, answer the following questions:
a. How many bacteria are considered in the fifth sample?
b. How many samples should be taken into consideration?
c. Find the total number of bacteria in first 10 samples.
   OR
   How many bacteria are there in the 7th sample from the last.

37. A Ferris wheel is an amusement ride (temporarily fixed during festivals) consisting of a rotating upright wheel with multiple passengers carrying components attached to the rim in such a way that as the wheel turns, they

are kept upright, usually by gravity. After taking a ride in the Ferris wheel, Monika came out from the crowd and was observing her friends who were enjoying the ride. She was curious about the different angles and measures that the wheel will form. She forms the figure as given below.
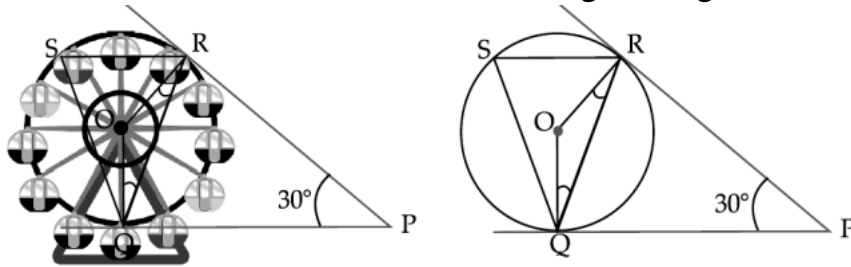

Observe the figure carefully and answer the following questions giving reason:

a. What is the measure of $\angle ROQ$?

b. What is the measure of $\angle RQP$?

c. Find the measure of $\angle RSQ$.

   OR

   Find the sum of $\angle ORP$ and $\angle OQP$.

38. A pen stand made of wood is in the shape of a cuboid with four conical depressions to hold pens. The dimensions of the cuboid are 15 cm by 10 cm by 3.5 cm. The radius of each of the depressions is 0.5 cm and the depth is 1.4 cm. Find the volume of wood in the entire stand.
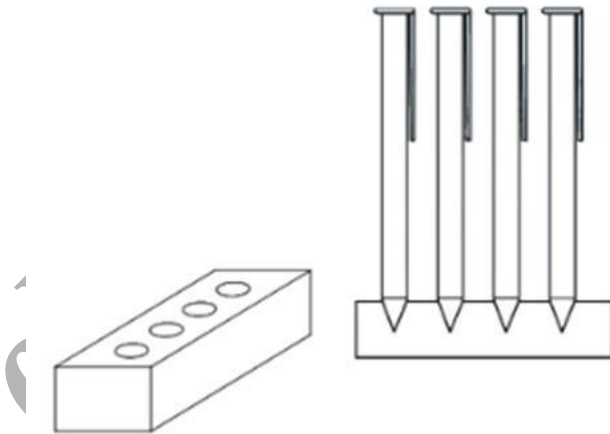
Based on the above information, answer the following questions:

a. Find the volume of the pens stand without any conical depression.

b. Find the volume of one conical depression.

c. Find the volume of wood in pen stand with four conical depressions.

   OR

   Find the total surface area of wood stand without any conical depression.