## CBSEASSISTANCE.COM

## REAL NUMBERS SOLUTION 3

Show that the square of an odd positive integer is of the form $8 q+1$, for some integer $q$.

## Solution:

Any odd positive integer is of the form $4 m+1$ or $4 m+3$
$(4 m+1)^{2}$
$=(4 m)^{2}+2(4 m)(1)+(1)^{2}$
$=16 m^{2}+8 m+1$
$=8\left(2 m^{2}+m\right)+1$
$=8 q+1$, where $q=2 m^{2}+m$
$(4 m+3)^{2}$
$=(4 m)^{2}+2(4 m)(2)+(3)^{2}$
$=16 m^{2}+16 m+9$
$=16 m^{2}+16 m+8+1$
$=8\left(2 m^{2}+2 m+1\right)+1$
$=8 q+1$, where $q=2 m^{2}+2 m+1$
Hence, the square of an odd positive integer is of the form $8 q+1$, for some integer $q$.

