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POLYNOMIALS

ASSIGNMENT NO. 38

- 1. Find the remainder when $x^3 ax^2 + 5x a$ is divided by (x a).
- 2. Find the value of ab + bc + ca, if a + b + c = 9 and $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 = 35$.
- 3. Show that (2x + 1), (x 3) and (3x + 1) are factors of the polynomial $6x^3 13x^2 14x 3$.
- 4. Factorise: $(3x + 4y)^2 + 2(3x + 4y)(3x 4y) + (3x 4y)^2$
- 5. The polynomials $p(x) = ax^3 3x^2 + 4$ and $q(x) = 2x^3 5x + a$ when divided by (x 2) leaves the remainder as p and q. If p 2q = 4, find a.
- 6. Prove that:

$$(x-a)^3 + (x-b)^3 + (x-c)^3 - 3(x-a)(x-b)(x-c) = 0$$
, when $a+b+c=3x$.